



M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET IS AVAILABLE IN SPANISH UPON REQUEST.

LOS DATOS DE SEGURIDAD DEL PRODUCTO PUEDEN OBTENERSE EN ESPANOL SI LO REQUI

PRODUCT NAME : DAP FIRE STOP SEALANT
UPC NUMBER : 7079818862, 7079818806
PRODUCT USE/CLASS : Silicone Sealant for Fire stopping

SUPPLIED BY: 24 HOUR EMERGENCY:
DAP INC. TRANSPORTATION: 1-800-535-5053 (352-323-3500)
2400 BOSTON STREET MEDICAL : 1-800-327-3874 (513-558-5111)
BALTIMORE, MD 21224

PREPARE DATE : 08/11/1997 GENERAL INFORMATION:
REVISION NO. : 2 DAP INC. : 1-888-DAP-TIPS (1-888-327-8477)
REVISION DATE: 06/11/2001

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
01	Polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	10.0-20.0 %
02	Oximino silane	TSRN-51721300-5110P	1.0-5.0 %
03	Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1-0.08 %

ITEM	ACGIH		OSHA		COMPANY	SKIN
	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	PEL-TWA	PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA	
01	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO
02	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO
03	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	NO

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Remaining ingredients are not considered hazardous per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard CFR 29 1910.1200.

Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); limits may vary between states.

(Continued on Page 2)



SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: WARNING! May cause allergic skin reaction. Uncured sealant cause skin, eye and respiratory system irritation. As a byproduct of curing 4% Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (MEKO) may be released within product.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: May cause severe eye irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation or allergic skin reaction.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Vapor may irritate nose and upper respiratory tract. Vapor inhalation may cause injury to blood and liver and may cause drowsiness.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: This material may be harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, vomiting and similar symptoms to those described for inhalation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated permanent brain and nervous system damage with prolonged and repeated occupational overexposure to solvents. Methyl ethyl ketoxime (MEKO) has caused allergic skin reactions and liver tumors in animals. Overexposure to MEKO may cause blood disorders.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY CONTACT: Preexisting eye, skin, respiratory and liver disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT EYE CONTACT INHALATION

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush with large quantities of water until irritation subsides.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

COMMENTS: Call 1-800-327-3874, if irritation or complications arise.

(Continued on Page 3)



SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 170 F (TCC)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not Available

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM WATER FOG

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Eliminate sources of ignition: heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and flames in uncured state. Do not put in contact with oxidizing or caustic materials.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended to protect from combustion products. Cool exposed containers with water.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Dike spill area. Absorb remaining liquid with absorbent material and place into containers.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapors. Use only in a well ventilated area.

STORAGE INFORMATION: Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep away from heat, spark, and flame. Keep containers from excessive heat and freezi
Store under dry conditions at temperatures between 50 to 77 degrees F.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal. Do not take internally.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (local or general exhaust) to maintain exposure below PEL and TLV. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Check all low areas (basements, sumps, etc.) for vapor before entering.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. If 8 hour exposure limit or value is exceeded for any component, use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator.

(Continued on Page 4)



SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

SKIN PROTECTION: Solvent impervious gloves.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE	: N.A.	VAPOR DENSITY	: Is heavier than air
ODOR	: Low odor	ODOR THRESHOLD	: Not Available
APPEARANCE	: Thixotropic Paste	EVAPORATION RATE	: Not available.
SOLUBILITY IN H ₂ O	: Negligible		
FREEZE POINT	: Not Applicable	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	: 1.37
VAPOR PRESSURE	: < 5 mm Hg.		
PHYSICAL STATE	: Paste		
COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not Available.			

Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Moisture and incompatible materials.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizing agents or electrophiles(e.g. ferric chloride). Concentrated acids or bases can degrade the silicone polymer.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon dioxide, silicone dioxide, calcium oxide, nitrogen oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon products.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

(Continued on Page 5)



SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Curing vapor. Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime, may cause irritation or harm nose, throat, lungs and eyes. Direct contact with eyes or skin may irritate. Allergic skin sensitization possible through direct contact with uncured sealant. Methyl ethyl ketoxime (MEKO) has caused allergic skin reactions and tumors in animals. Overexposure to MEKO may cause blood disorders.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Information.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT/DISPOSAL: Dispose of according to Federal, State, and Local Standards. This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulations, 40 CFR Section 261. However, it is recommended that discarded material should be incinerated at a permitted facility. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulation. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

EPA WASTE CODE - If discarded (40 CFR 261): None.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not Regulated by D.O.T.

DOT HAZARD CLASS: NONE

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: NONE PACKING GROUP: NONE.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

(Continued on Page 6)



SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
No SARA Section 313 components exist in this product.		

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3
Silicone polymer	TSRN-51721300-2110P
Silica, amorphous, fumed	112945-52-5

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3
Silicone polymer	TSRN-51721300-2110P
Silica, amorphous, fumed	112945-52-5

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: The chemical(s) noted below and contained in this product, are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
None.	

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: D2B

(Continued on Page 7)



SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 2 FLAMMABILITY: 1 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 02/15/2000

REASON FOR REVISION:

SECTION 2: Revision to the ingredients
SECTION 3: Update in hazard warnings
SECTION 5: Added flash point
SECTION 11: Toxicity statements added
SECTION 15: Update in RTK information.

VOC less water, less exempt solvent: 0 g/L (Calculated)
VOC material : 0 g/L (Calculated)

LEGEND: ACGIH - AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS
N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE
N.E. - NOT ESTABLISHED
PEL - PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT
NTP - NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
SARA - SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986
STEL - SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT
TLV - THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE(8 HR. TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE OR TWA)
VOC - VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND
NJRTK - NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW LAW
N.D. - NOT DETERMINED

MSDS# 77364

This data is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.

< End OF MSDS >